



Environmental Product Declarations and Buy Clean Policies

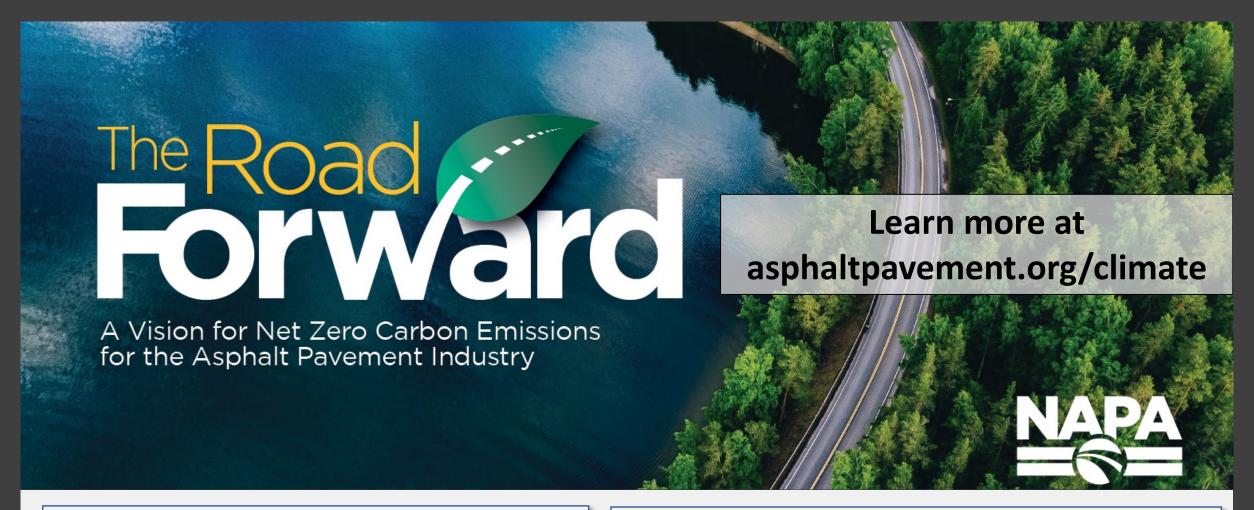
Northeast Asphalt User Producer Group

November, 2022

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Vision: Sustainable communities and commerce, connected by net zero carbon emission asphalt pavements

Mission: Engage, educate, and empower the U.S. asphalt community to produce and construct net zero carbon emission asphalt pavements

Production and Construction



Net Zero Strategy

Electricity



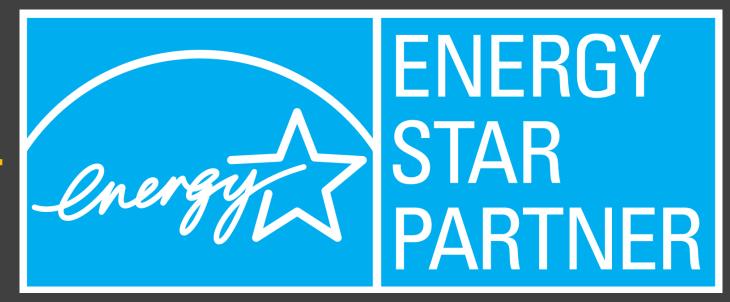




Supply Chain

Quality, Durability, Longevity, Efficiency

Asphalt Plant Energy Performance Peer Exchange (APEX)



- Partner with U.S. EPA
- Market and promote your company's partnership
- Learn best practices to manage energy
- Get assistance from an experienced industrial energy advisor

https://www.asphaltpavement.org/expertise/sustainability/tools/energy-star-apex-program



Introduction to EPDs

Understanding Carbon



Embodied Carbon

Manufacture, transport and installation of construction materials

Operational Carbon

Building Energy Consumption

What is an EPD?

- Environmental Product Declaration
 - Quantified environmental information on the life cycle of a product to enable comparisons between products fulfilling the same function*
- "Nutrition label" for environmental impacts
 - ISO Type III Environmental Label
- Independently verified



EPD "Nutrition" Label				
Your Building Product				
Amount per Unit				
LCA IMACT MEASURES	TOTAL			
Primary Energy (MJ)	12.4			
Global Warming Potential (kg CO2 eq)	0.96			
Ozone Depletion (kg CFC: 11 eq)	1.80E-08			
Acidification Potential (mol H* eq)	0.93			
Eutrophication Potential (kg N ⁻ eq)	6.43E-04			
Photo-Oxidant Creation Potential (kg 03 eq)	0.121			

https://westcoastclimateforum.com/cfpt/concrete/strategy1

*Source: ISO 14025:2006. EPDs from different Product Categories should NOT be compared to each other.

EPDs for asphalt mixtures have a Cradle-to-Gate scope

• Included:

- Materials
- Transport
- Production
- Other life cycle stages are not included
 - Mix producers have little control over them





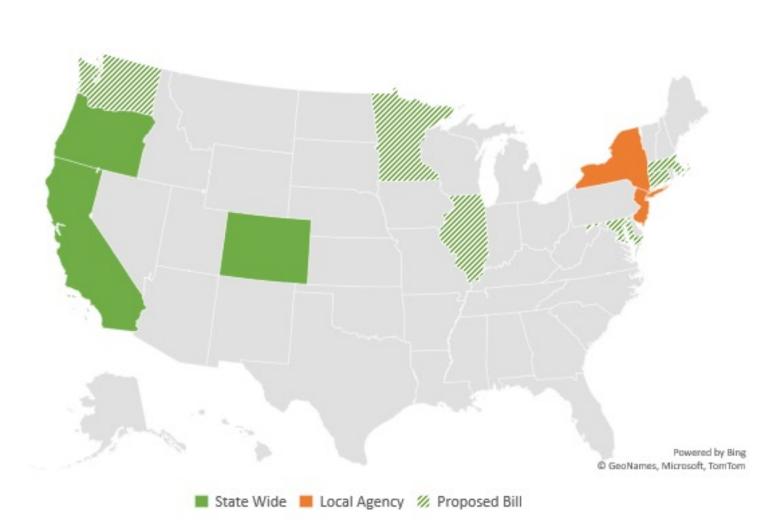
How and Why are Pavement Owners Using EPDs?

"Buy Clean" Legislation



Jurisdictions with Buy Clean policies that include asphalt mixtures

- Caltrans
- Colorado
- Oregon
- Port Authority of New York and New Jersey
- Illinois, Minnesota, other states are considering policies





Environmentally Preferable Asphalt and Standard

- Federal office buildings, courthouses, and land ports of entry
- Requirements
 - Submit an EPD for each mix
 - Use 2 environmentally preferable techniques
 - At least 20% RAP content
 - Warm mix technology (reduced onsite mix temperature)
 - Non-pavement recycled content (roof shingles, rubber, or plastic)
 - Improved energy/carbon efficiency of plants or equipment (e.g., natural gas)
 - Other environmentally preferable techniques (contractor can propose)

https://www.gsa.gov/real-estate/design-construction/engineering-and-architecture/facilities-standards-p100-overview





The White House Council on Environmental Quality

Buy Clean Task Force

- Coordinating across 17 Federal agencies
 - 90% of federally financed and purchased construction materials
- U.S. DOT Buy Clean Policy Statement
 - Explore the use of EPDs
 - Develop a Buy Clean Policy based on EPDs
- Partnering with State DOTs to align Buy Clean Policies



Carbon Reduction Program



President Biden, USDOT Announce New Guidance and \$6.4 Billion to Help States Reduce Carbon Emissions Under the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

Thursday, April 21, 2022

Key program will fund projects that help fight climate change and save Americans money on gas

- Focus is on vehicle fuel consumption/emissions
- FHWA Guidance made "paving activities" eligible
 - Projects must use LCA to quantify carbon emissions reductions
- Enhanced pavement smoothness may also be eligible





Inflation Reduction Act

<u>EPA</u>

- \$250 million to standardize EPDs and help industry develop EPDs
- \$100 million to develop "low-embodied carbon construction material labeling program"
- *** How will low-embodied carbon materials be defined???

DOT/FHWA

- \$2 billion to procure low carbon construction products
 - Federal-aid Highways, Federal Lands, etc.
 - Differential Cost or Incentive



Overview of
Using Emerald Eco-Label
to Develop an EPD for
Asphalt Mixtures

Key Components of NAPA's EPD Program

General Program Instructions



Emerald Eco-Label Environmental Product Declarations (EPD) Program

National Asphalt Pavement Association

Version 2 June 9, 2020





6406 Ivy Lane, Suite 350 | Greenbelt, MD 20770 | 301-731-4748 www.AsphaltPavement.org/EPD

Underlying Life Cycle Assessment

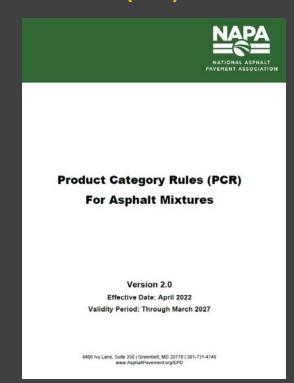
Update to the Life Cycle Assessment for Asphalt Mixtures in Support of the Emerald Eco Label Environmental Product Declaration Program

April 2022

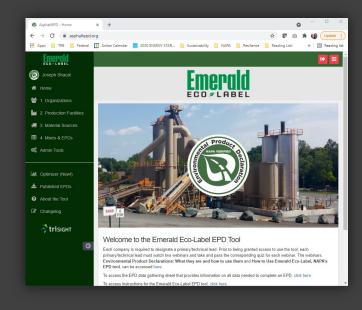
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Product Category Rules (PCR)



EPD Software

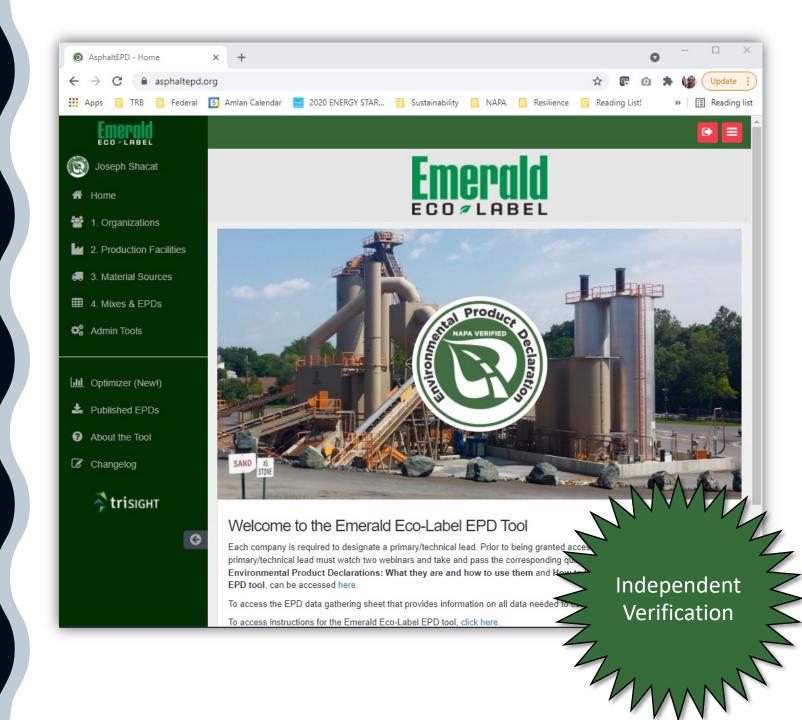


Learn more at www.asphaltpavement.org/epd



Emerald Eco-Label Software

- NAPA's web-based **software tool**
- Asphalt mix producers use it to develop verified EPDs
- EPDs are **plant-specific** & **mix-specific**
- Can be used for **asphalt plants** located in the U.S.
- **Simplified process** that saves mix producers time and money



Upstream datasets

- The PCR requires the use of public datasets for upstream energy and materials
 - Fuels and electricity
 - Aggregates
 - Asphalt binder
- Data gaps are noted in the EPD
 - Binder additives (polymers, ground tire rubber, etc.)
 - Mix additives (WMA, rejuvenators, fibers, etc.)
- Cannot develop EPD if data gap > 1% (individual material) or 5% (total) of mix by weight









Cover Page

Company and Plant Information —

Product Description

Red box indicates a data gap

Green box has info about the EPD —



An Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) for Asphalt Mixtures

Company Information

Test Organization is an asphalt mixture producer.

Baseline Natural Gas asphalt plant

101 W Lakeshore Dr

Houghton, MI 49931

USA

[[Company_logo]]

Product Description

This EPD reports the potential environmental impacts and additional environmental information for an asphalt mixture, which falls under the United Nations Standard Products and Services Code 30111509. Asphalt mixtures are typically incorporated as part of the structure of a roadway, parking lot, driveway, airfield, bike lane, pedestrian path, railroad track bed, or recreational surface.

Mix Name: Baseline with Terminal Blended Binder Additive Data Gap

Specification Entity: DOT

Specification: N/A

Gradation Type: dense

Mix Design Method: None

Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size: 0.75 inches

Performance Grade of Asphalt Binder: PG 64-22

Customer [Project/Contract] Number: Not Reported

This mix producer categorizes this product as a Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) asphalt mixture. This asphalt mixture was produced within a temperature range of 149 to 154°C (300.0 to 310.0°F). Energy and environmental impacts are based on a plant's average performance ovia 12-month period and are not adjusted for mix-specific production temperatures.

Data Completeness Statement: Upstream data for one or more of the ingredients representing less than 1% (individually) or 5% (total) of the total mass of this asphalt mixture is not available. The upstream environmental impacts associated with manufacturing these ingredients are not accounted for in this EPD. See Table 1 for more information.



This declaration is an EPD in accordance with ISO 14025:2006¹ and ISO 21930:2017². The PCR is *Product Category Rules for Asphalt Mixtures*^{3,4}. This EPD transparently describes the potential environmental impacts associated with the identified life cycle stages of the described product.

Declaration Number: 1.145.302 v4

Software Version: 2.0.0

Date of Issue: March 16, 2022

Period of Validity: March 31, 2027

This EPD is valid for asphalt mixtures produced at the location indicated on this page. Data used to inform this EPD reflect plant operations from a 12-month period beginning on March 8, 2021.

This EPD can be found at http://dev.asphaltepd.org/epd/d/495/

LCA performed by: Ben Ciavola, PhD

Common Questions About EPDs

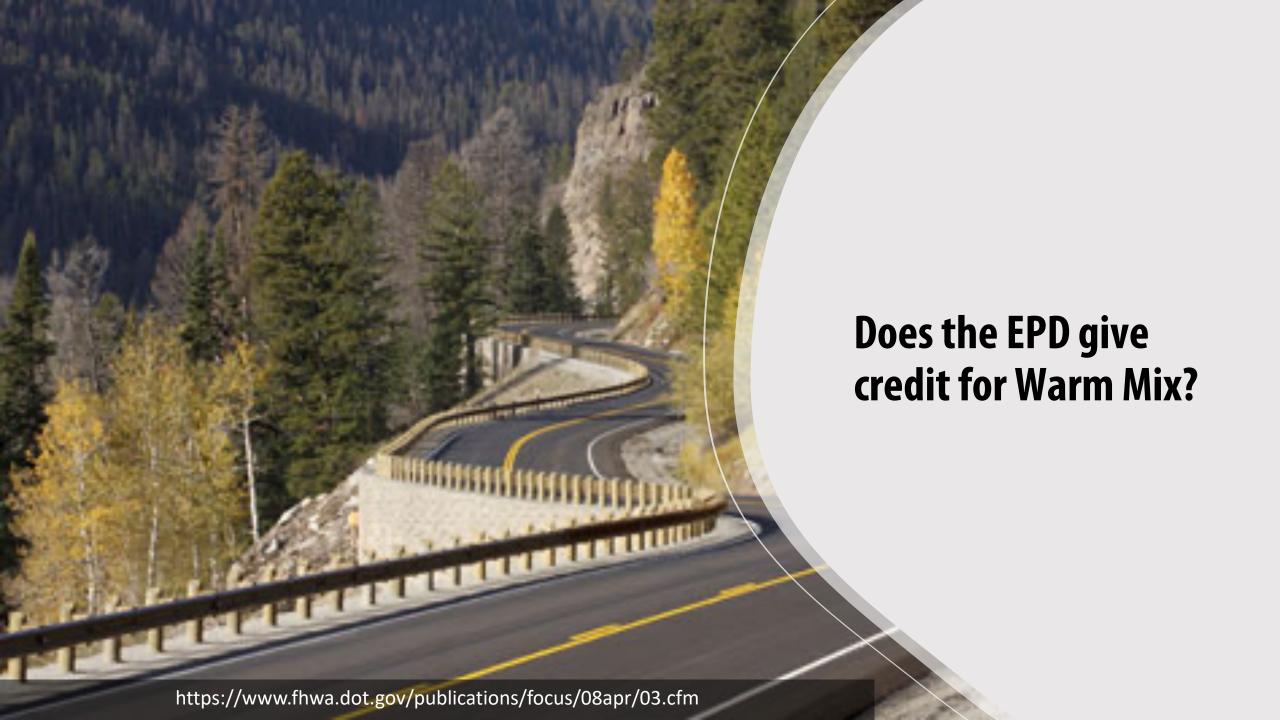




Pricing Schedule as of Apr. 1, 2022

Year	Member Rate	Non-member Rate	Years of Tool Access
2022	\$3,000 per plant	\$6,000 per plant	5
2023	\$3,000 per plant	\$6,000 per plant	4
2024	\$2,750 per plant	\$5,500 per plant	3
2025	\$2,500 per plant	\$5,000 per plant	2
2026	\$2,250 per plant	\$4,500 per plant	1

- Initial data collection and plant setup takes most companies a couple of weeks
- New mixes typically take 10-15 minutes





- What are the biggest contributors to GHG emissions?
 - Burner fuel
 consumption
 - Asphalt binder content
 - Sometimes, aggregate hauling exceeds everything else

Can EPDs be Used for Pavement Type Selection?



- Not directly different PCRs
- As data inputs to full LCA?
 - Harmonization issues
 - Lots of uncertainty in use stage modeling
 - Scarce knowledge, experience, and capacity at agencies

Where are we going with EPDs?

Policy Considerations

- Each agency spec is a different "product"
- GWP Limits/Benchmarks/Thresholds
 - Prequalification?
 - Incentive?
 - A + B + C?
- Regional variations
 - Climate
 - Aggregate supply
 - Availability of fuels / grid location
- Impact of getting better data
 - GWP may go up or down



Key Takeaways

- EPDs provide verified data to quantify environmental impacts
- Buy Clean policies are spreading quickly
- Inflation Reduction Act will accelerate demand for low carbon materials
- Emission reductions can be achieved with existing practices and technologies
- Prepare your company by developing EPDs
 - Start with one plant
 - Expand to other plants, benchmark your operations



The Road Forward Partners













WIRTGEN GROUP





















Thank You

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NATIONAL ASPHALT PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION

