

Effect of Silo Storage Time on the Characteristics of Virgin and RAP HMA Mixtures



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Acknowledgements

- TPF 5(230): Northeast High RAP Pooled Fund Study
- Research Partners
 - Dr. Bennert, Rutgers University
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- Cindy LaFleur, Callanan Industries



Silo Storage Study

- HMA stored in silos before delivery to site
- High temperatures to maintain workability
- Short-term aging?
- Storage time not controlled



Source: www.hotmixmag.com

TPF 5(230)

- Phase I
 - Different RAP contents, PG grades
- Phase II
 - Silo storage study
 - PG 64-28 Virgin and RAP mixtures
 - Virgin contaminated with PG 76



Source: www.jfallenco.com

Objectives

- Measure effect of storage time on Virgin, RAP
- Determine if changes are due to aging from silo and/or blending



Source: www.srwestend.com

Materials

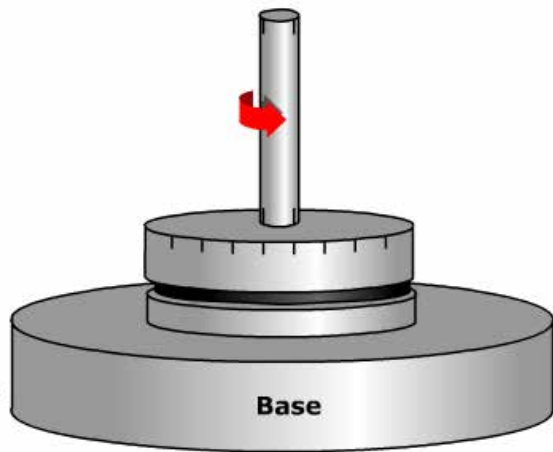
- Virgin mixture
 - PG 64-22
 - 12.5 mm NMAS
 - $7.0 \pm 0.5\%$ air voids
 - 0, 2.5, 5, 7.5 hour storage times
- 25% RAP mixture
 - PG 64-28
 - 12.5 mm NMAS
 - $6.0 \pm 0.5\%$ air voids
 - 0, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10 hour storage times
- Mixture discharge temperatures: $\sim 175^{\circ}\text{C}$ (350°F)



Source: www.hellotrade.com

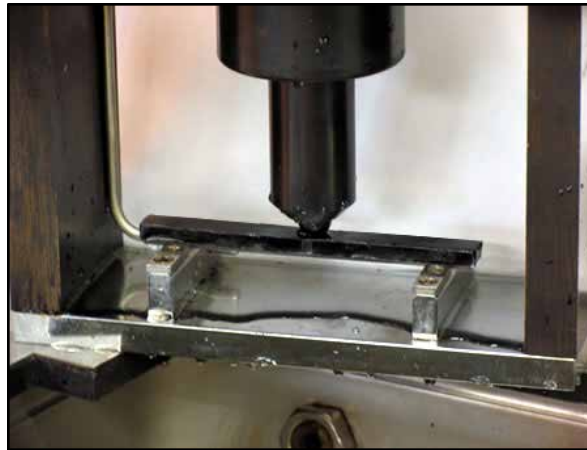
Binder Testing Methods

- Dynamic Shear Rheometer
- Bending Beam Rheometer
- Rolling Thin Film Oven aging on virgin binder



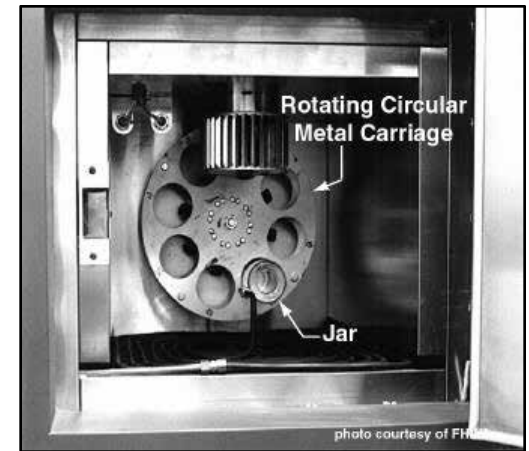
DSR

Source: www.pavementinteractive.org



BBR

Source: www.pavementinteractive.org



RTFO

Source: www.pavementinteractive.org

Mixture Testing Methods

- Dynamic Modulus
- S-VECD Fatigue
- LVECD (Layered ViscoElastic Critical Distresses)
- DCT (Disk-Shaped Compact Tension) Test
- TSRST (Thermal Stress Restrained Specimen Test)



S-VECD

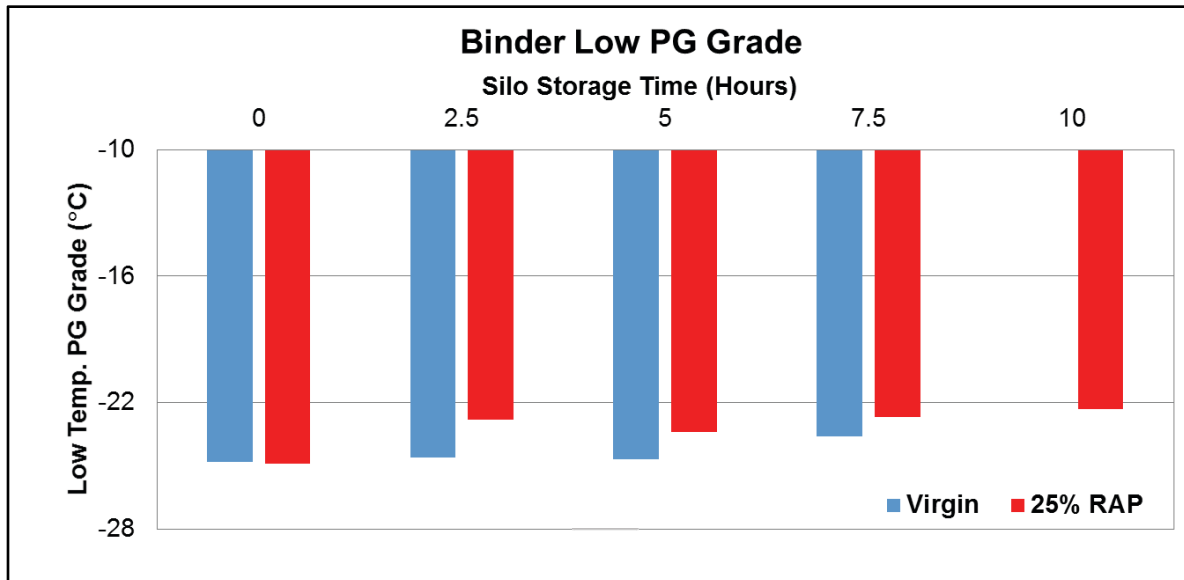
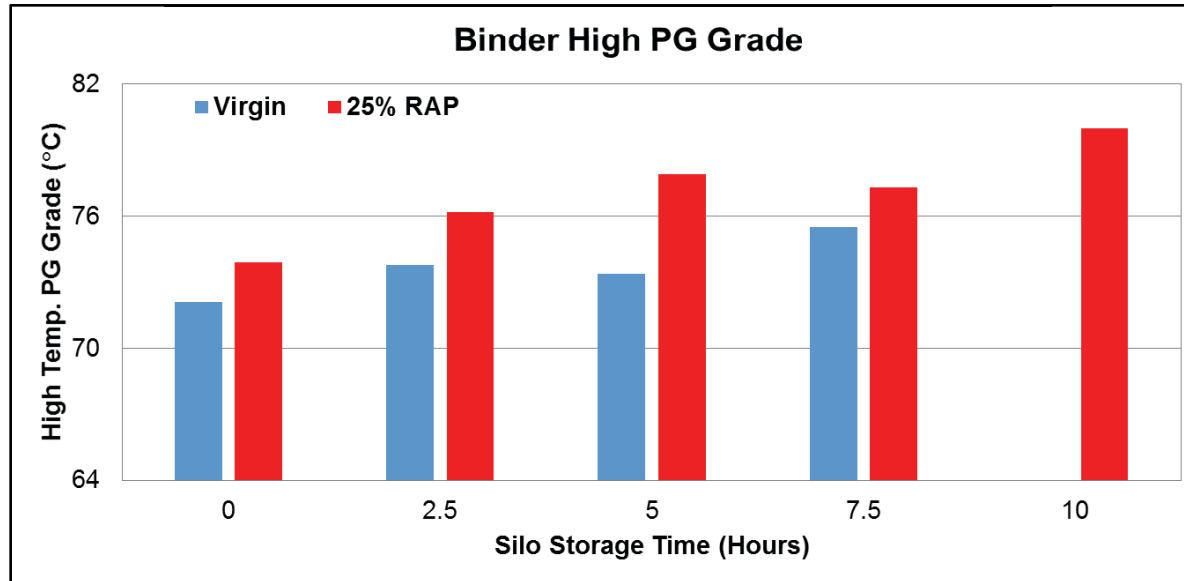


DCT

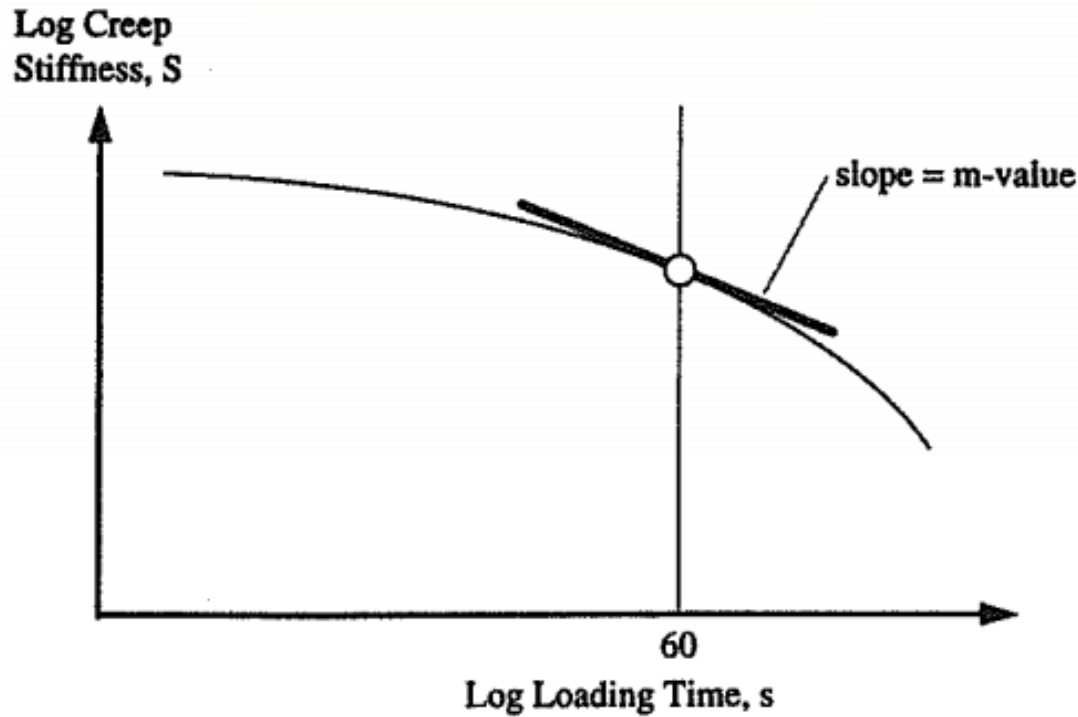


TSRST

Binder: PG Grading



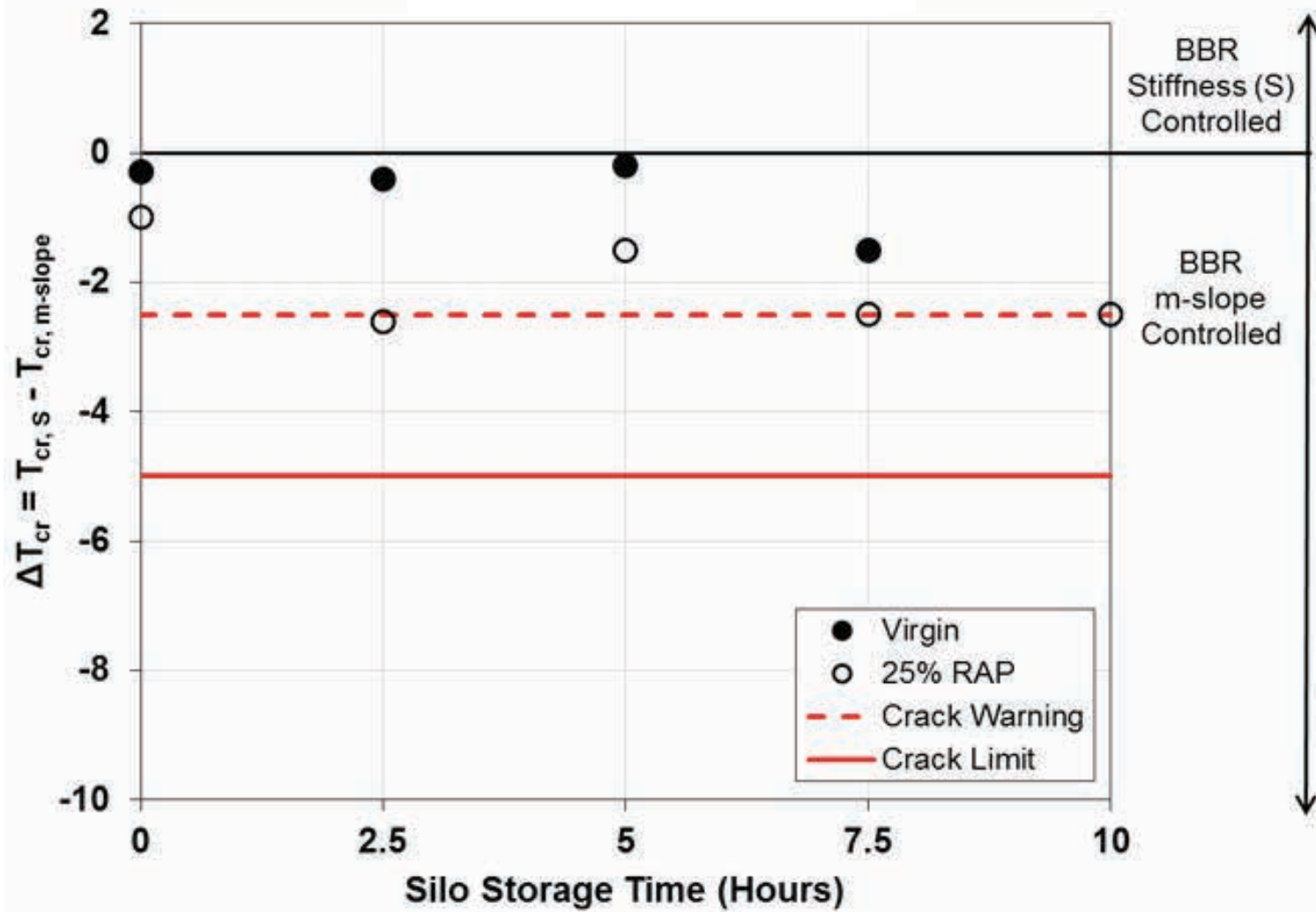
Binder: ΔT_{cr}



Source: Brown, Kandhal, et al., 2009

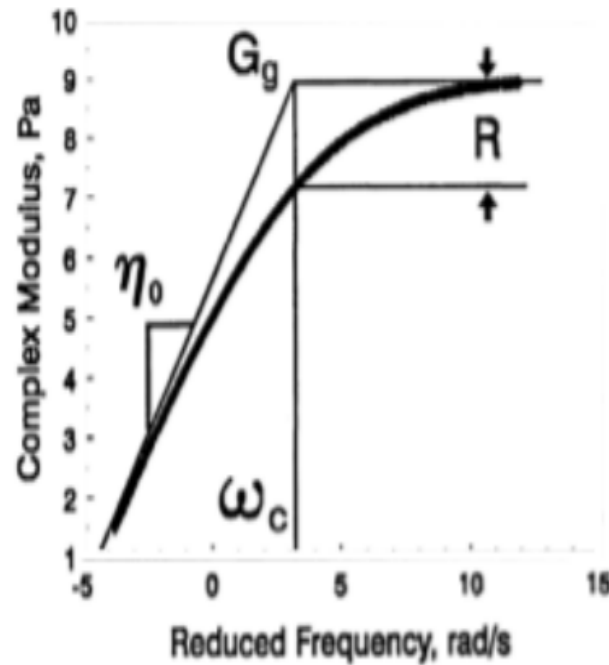
- $T_{cr} \text{ (Stiffness)} = \text{Critical low temp. where } S(60) = 300$
- $T_{cr} \text{ (m-value)} = \text{Critical low temp. where } m(60) = 0.3$
- $\Delta T_{cr} = T_{cr} \text{ (Stiffness)} - T_{cr} \text{ (m-value)}$

Binder: ΔT_{cr}



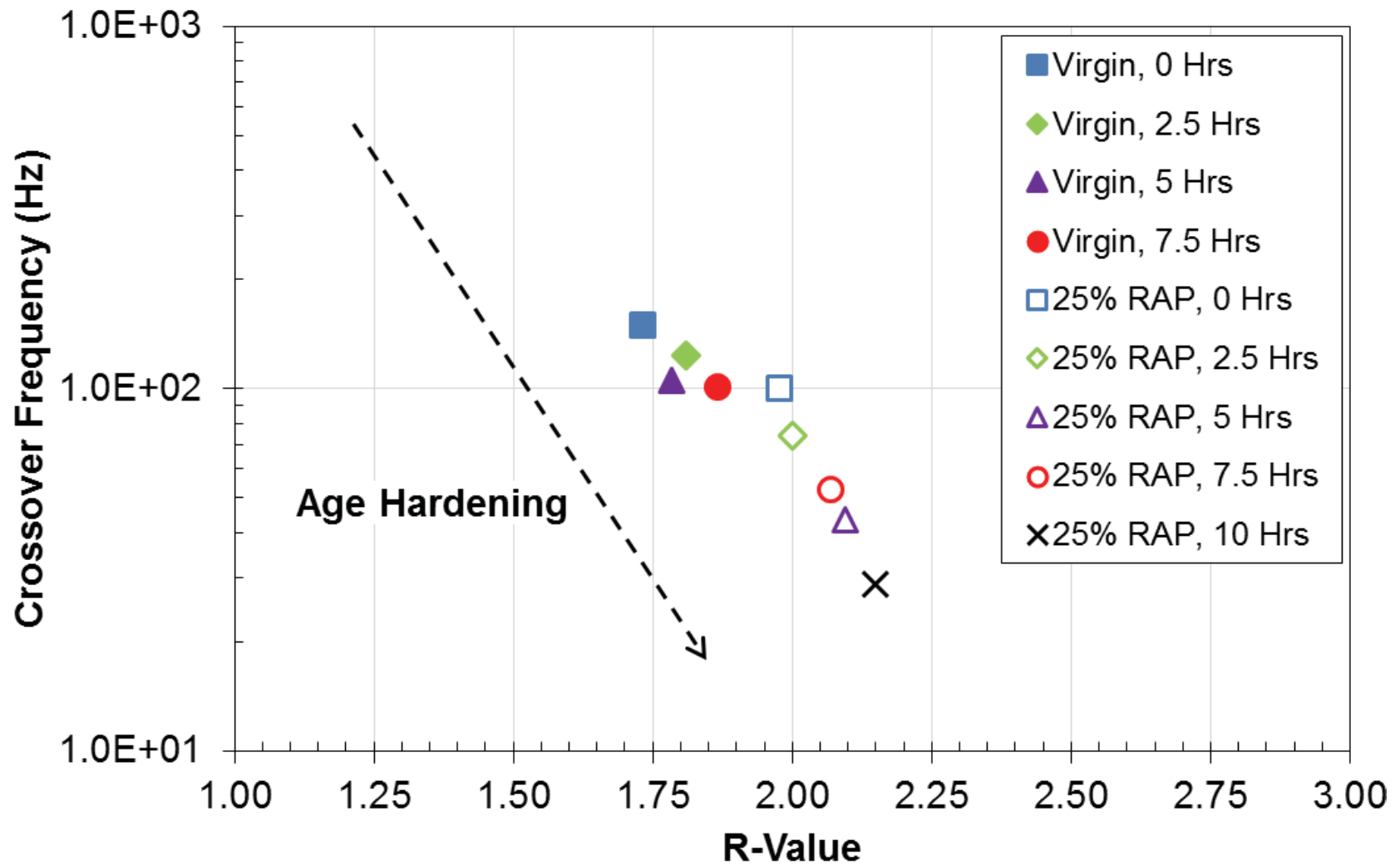
Binder: Rheological Indices

- CAM master curve parameters ω , R
- Crossover frequency, ω_c
- Rheological index, R-value

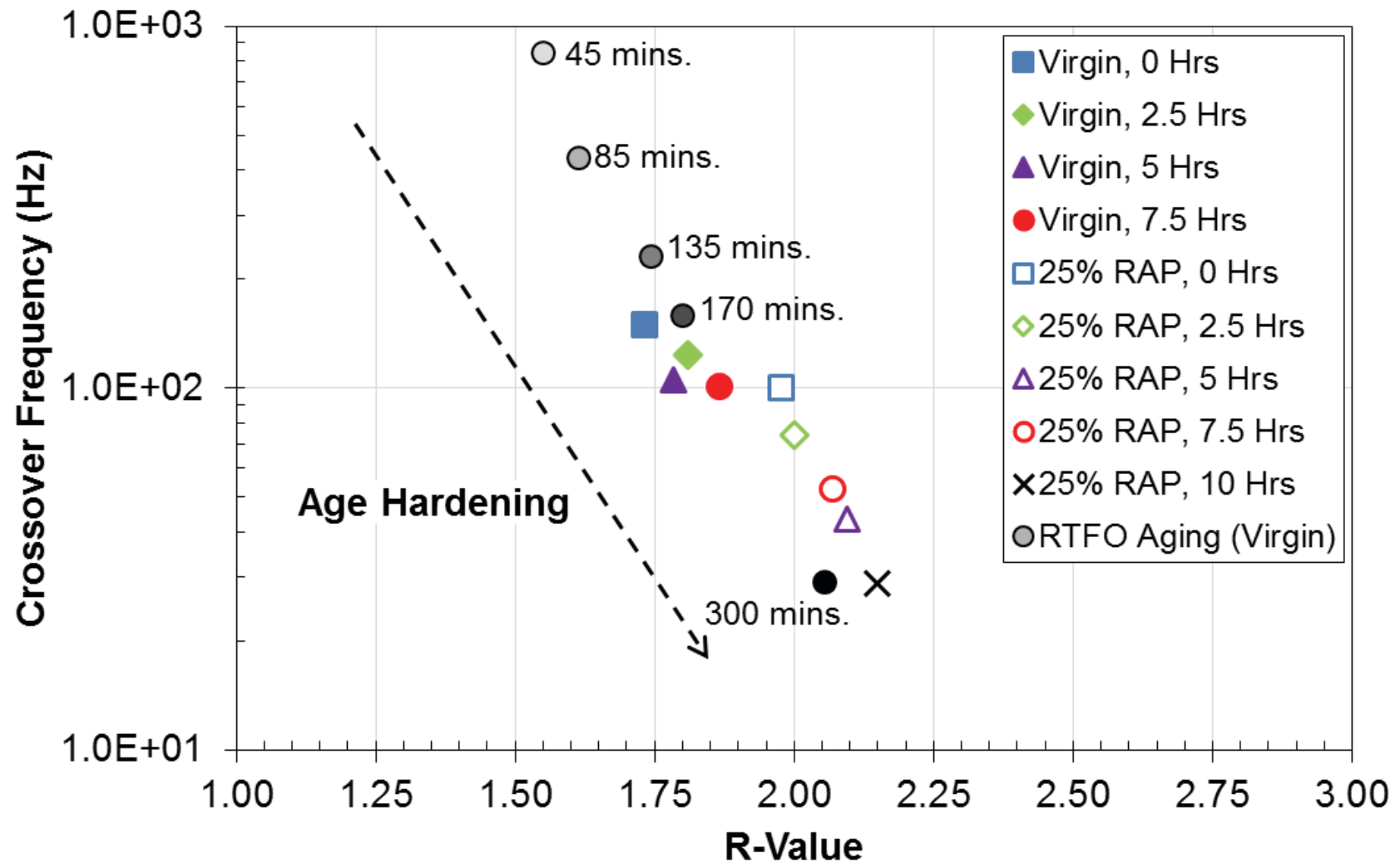


Source: Anderson, Rowe, and Christen, 2008

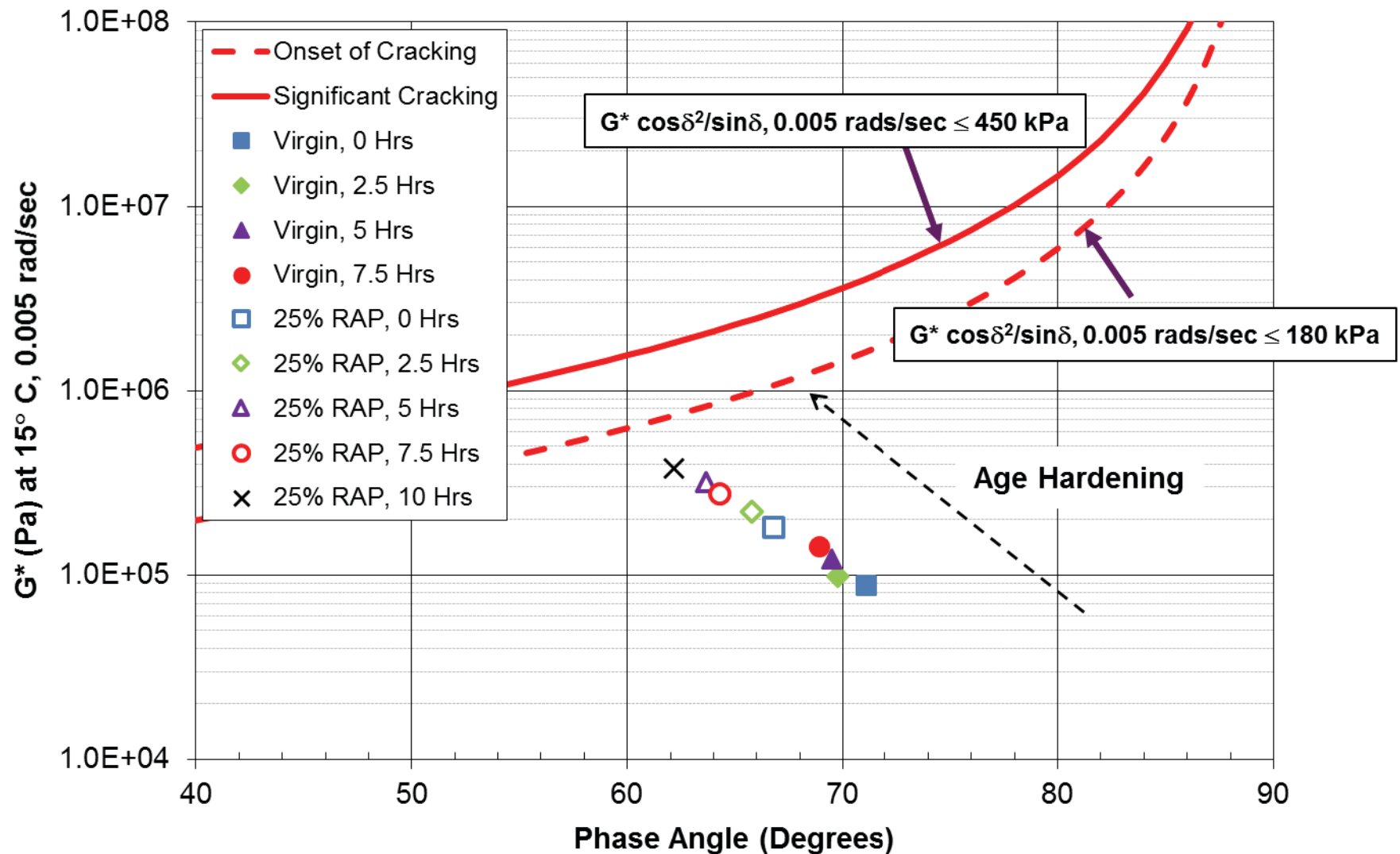
Binder: Rheological Indices



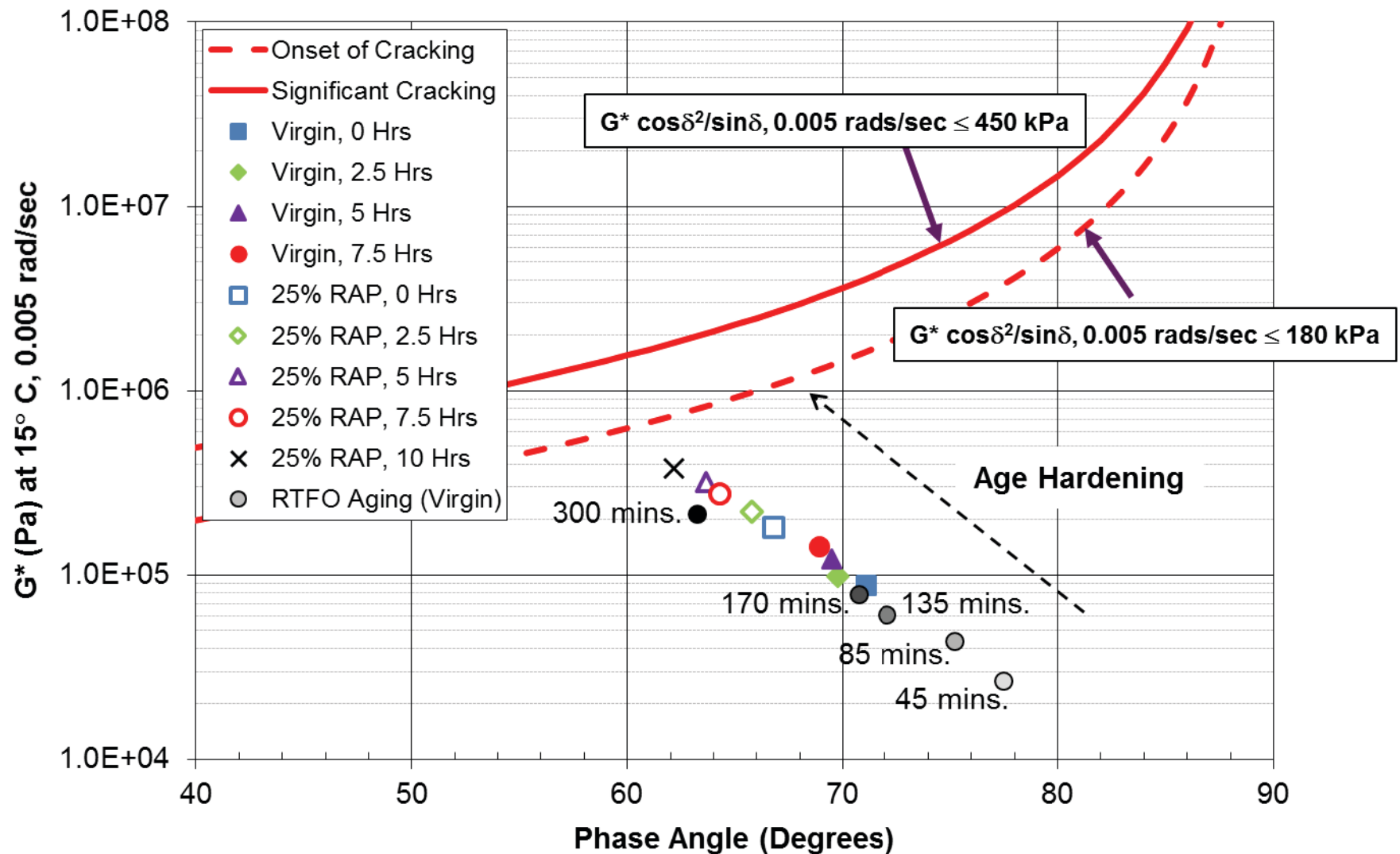
Binder: Rheological Indices



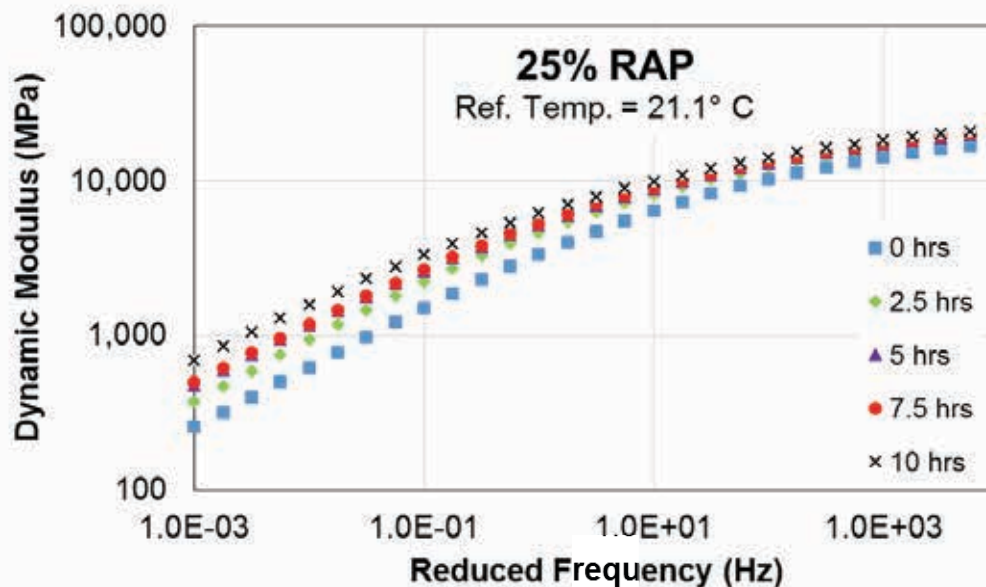
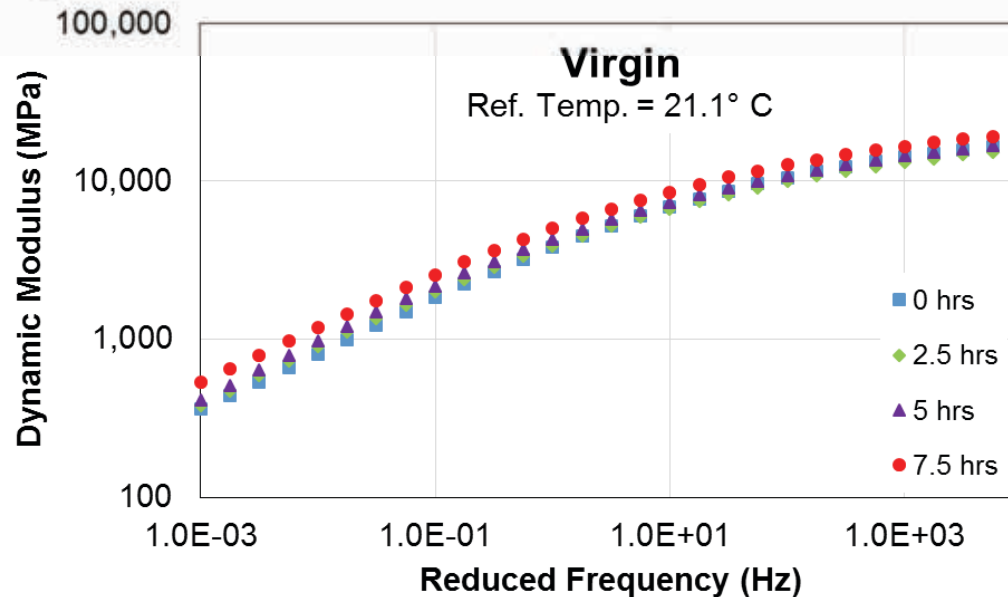
Binder: Glover-Rowe Parameter



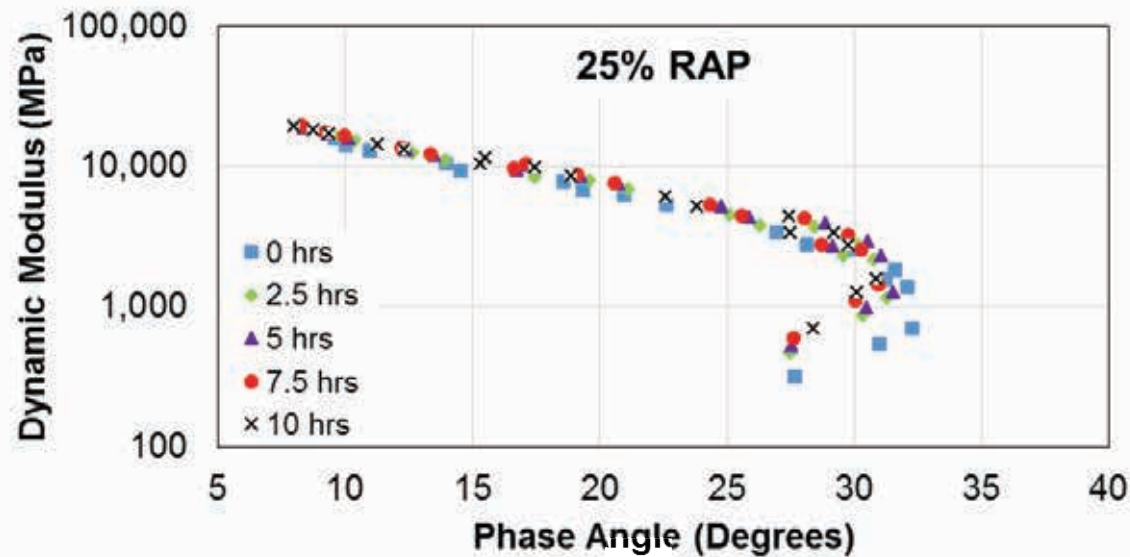
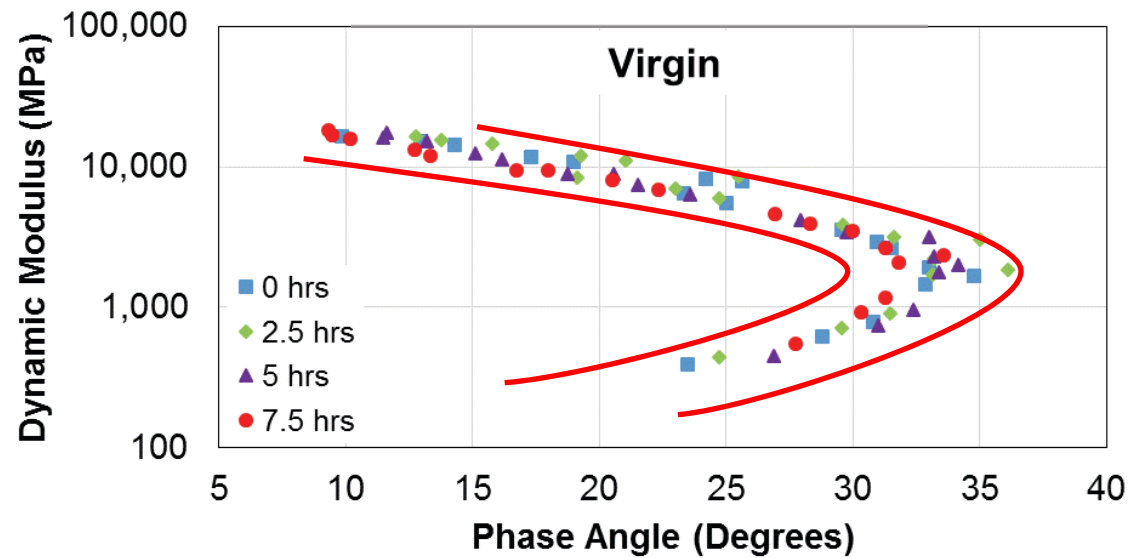
Binder: Glover-Rowe Parameter



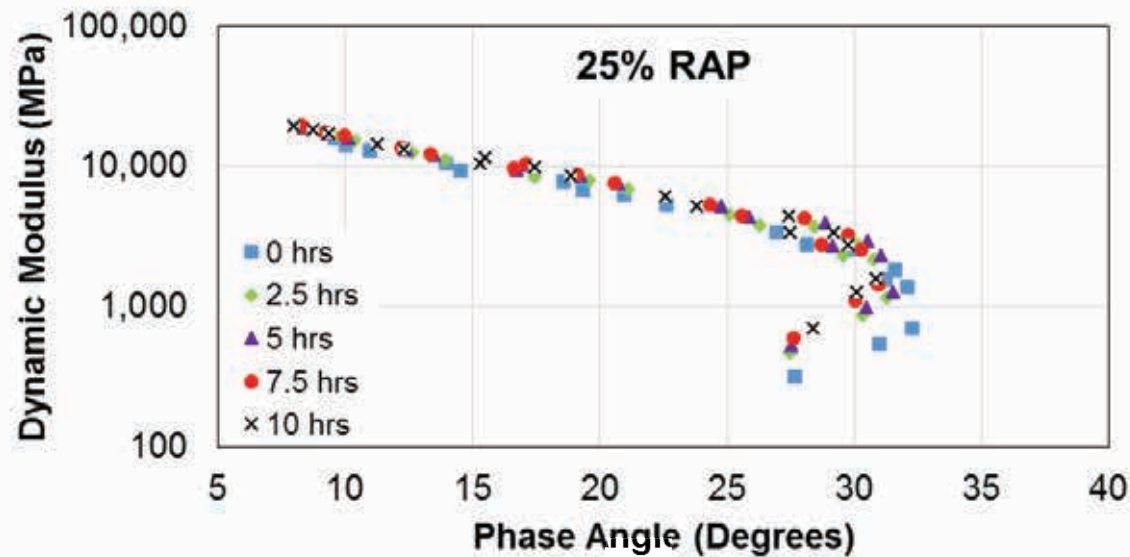
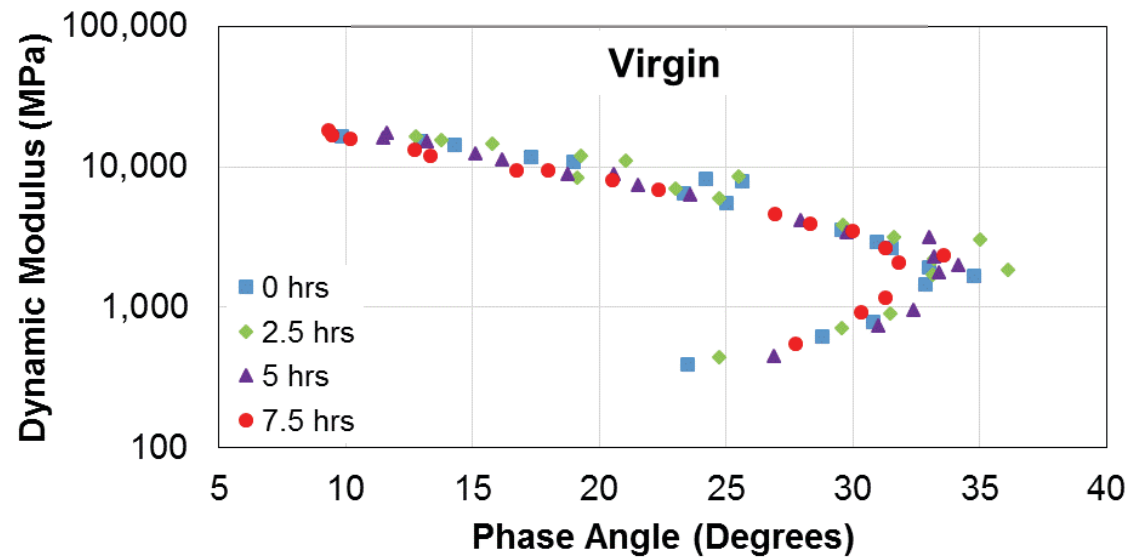
Dynamic Modulus Master Curves



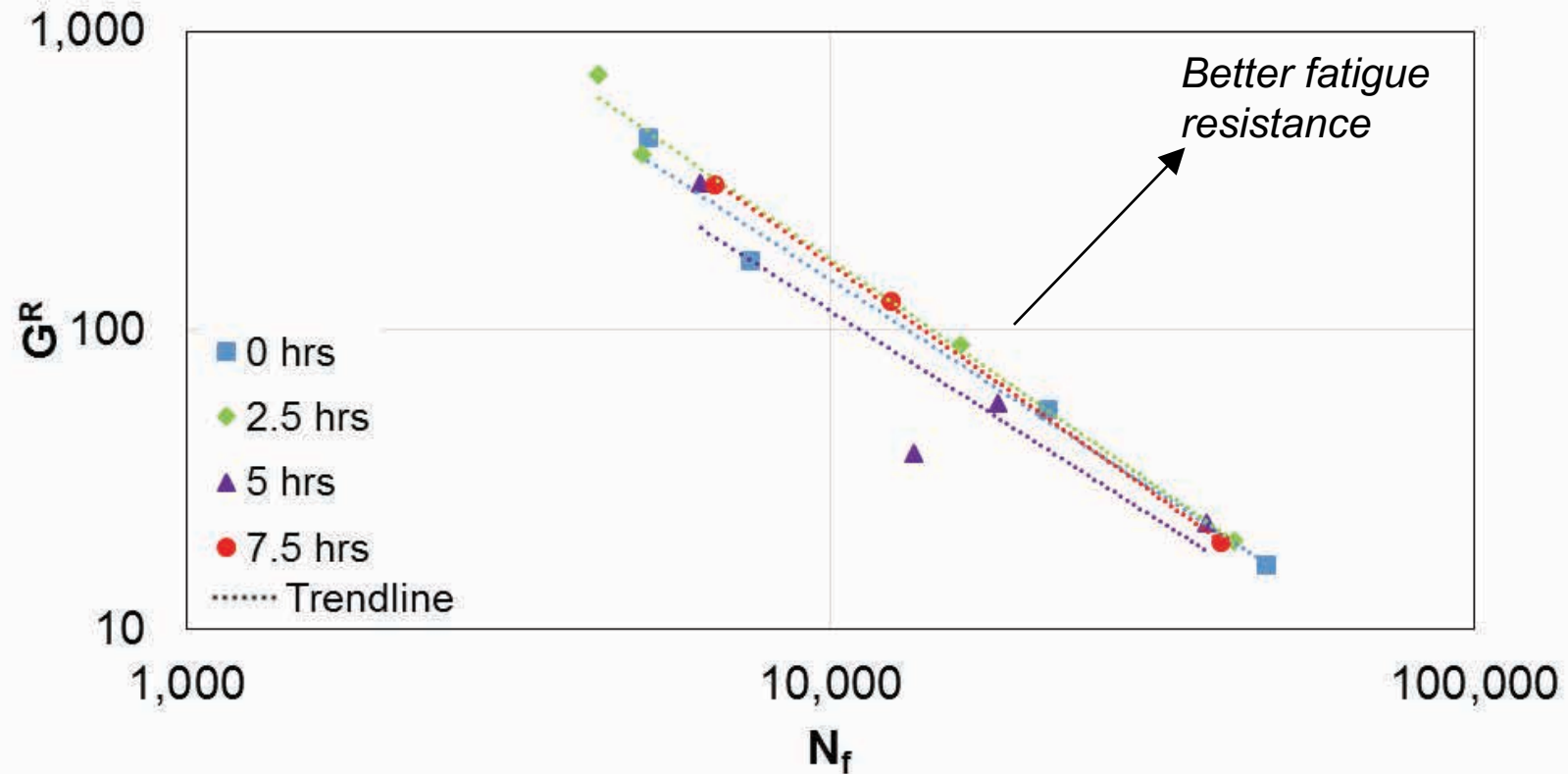
Black Space



Black Space



Fatigue: G^R - N_f



Virgin mix only

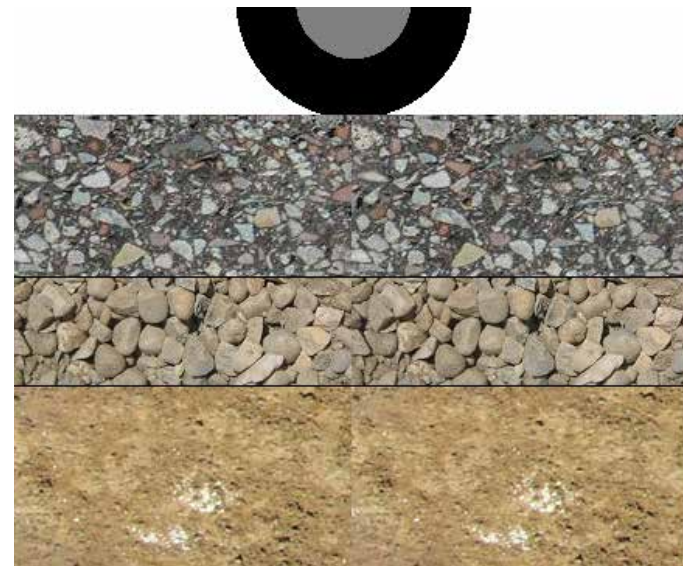
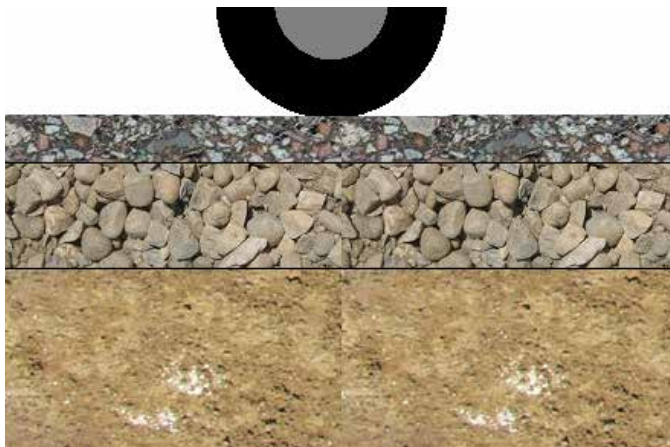
G^R : Fatigue failure criterion; characterizes damage accumulation

N_f : Number of cycles to failure

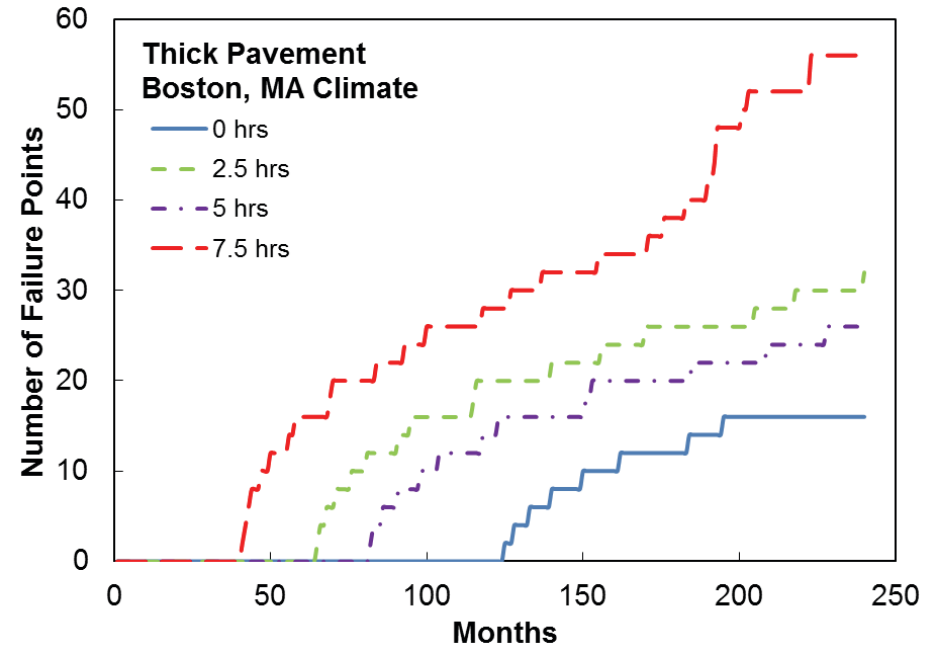
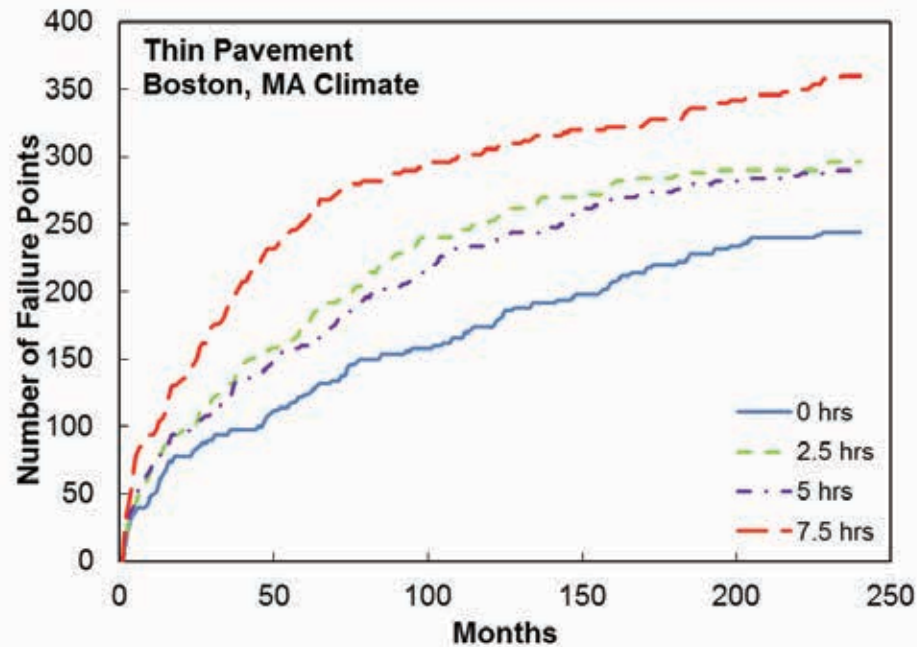


LVECD Pavement Life Evaluation

- Layered Viscoelastic Critical Distresses
- Uses Dynamic modulus & S-VECD fatigue results
- Pavement structure:
 - Asphalt layer: 100 mm (thin), 300 mm (thick)
 - Aggregate base: 200 mm, 350 MPa
 - Subgrade: 100 MPa

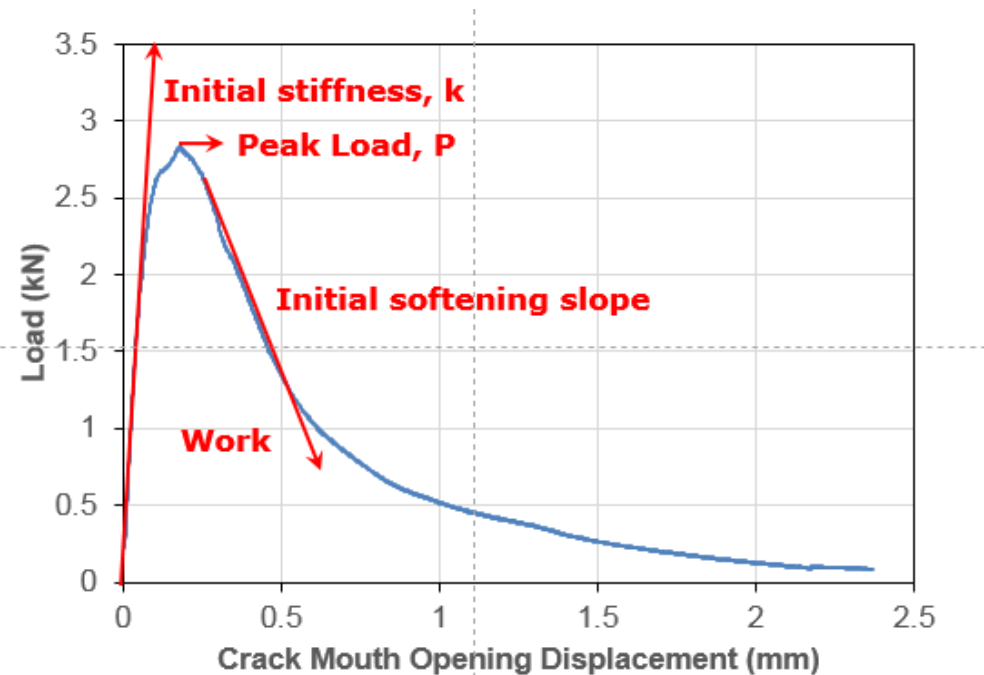
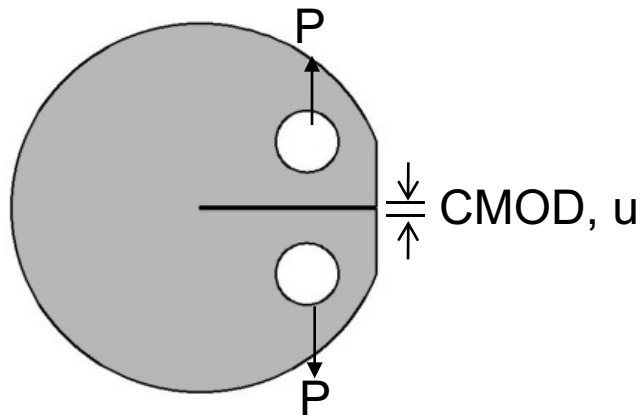


LVECD Pavement Life Evaluation



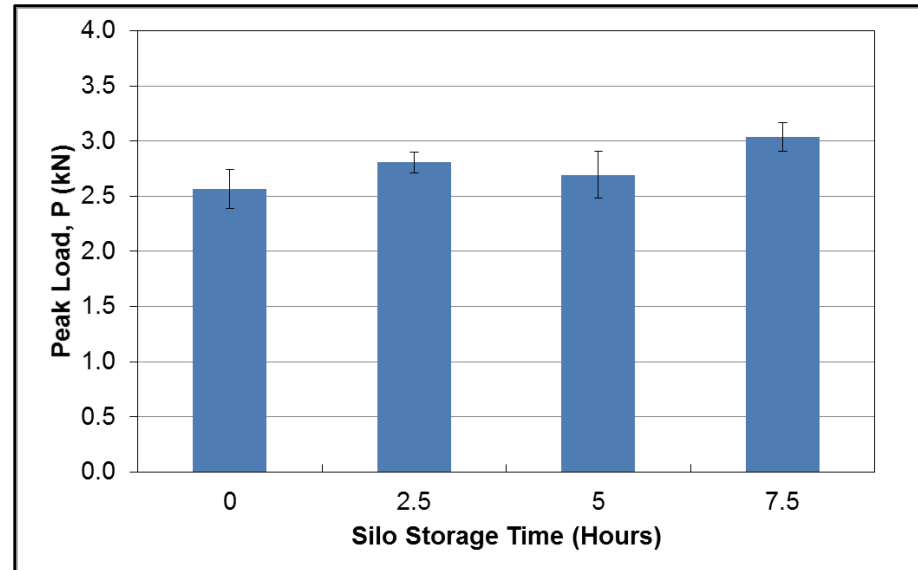
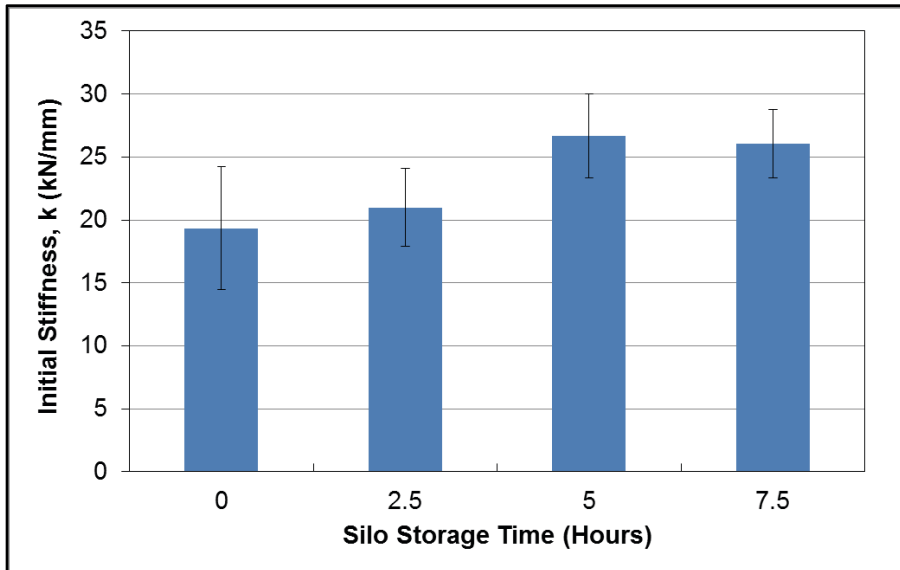
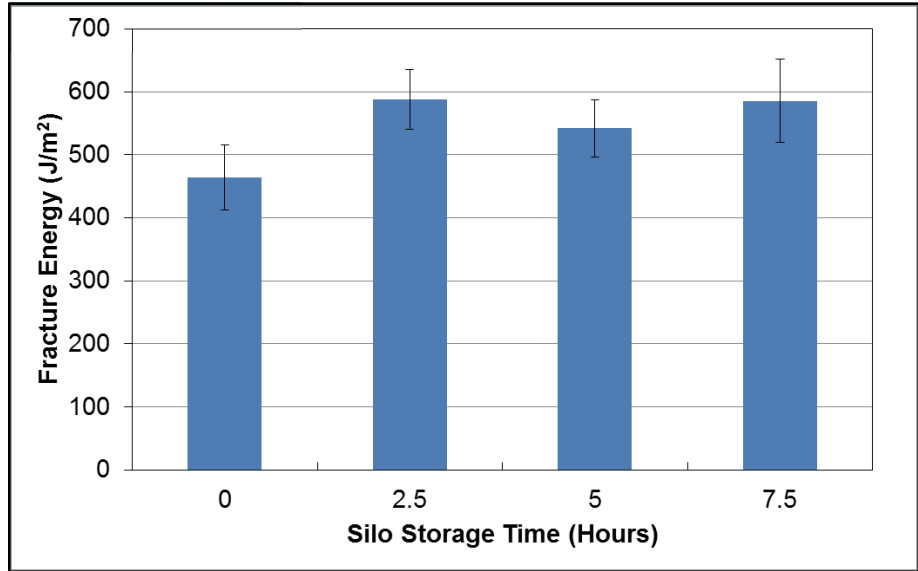
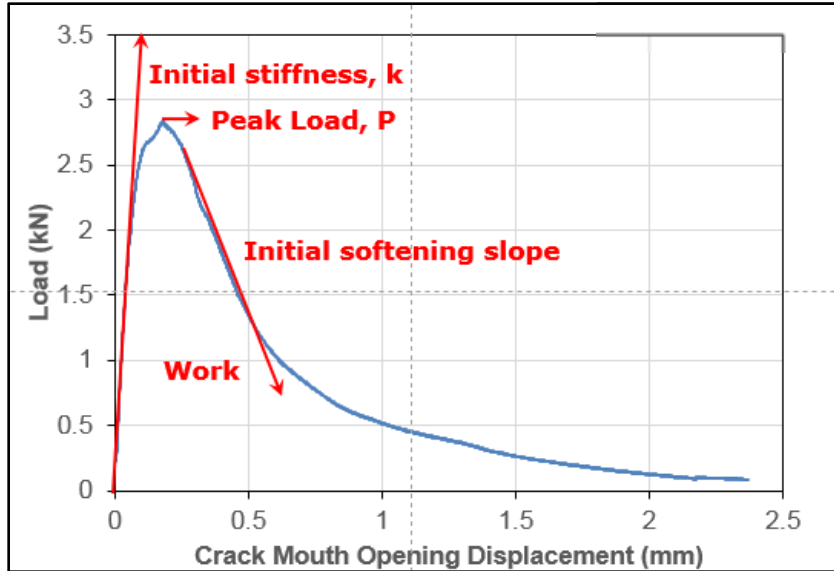
DCT Testing

- Disk-Shaped Compact Tension Test
- Loading Rate:
 - Crack Mouth Opening Displacement
 - $\text{CMOD} = 1.0 \text{ mm/min}$



Fracture Energy, $G_f = \text{Work} / \text{Fractured Surface Area}$

DCT Testing



Summary

- Testing clearly indicated aging with storage time
- RAP experienced larger changes
- Short-term aging and blending/diffusion
- Lab conditioning methods vs. plant production
- Important to understand effect of plant production parameters



Source: www.hotmixmag.com

Thank you for attention!
Questions/Comments?



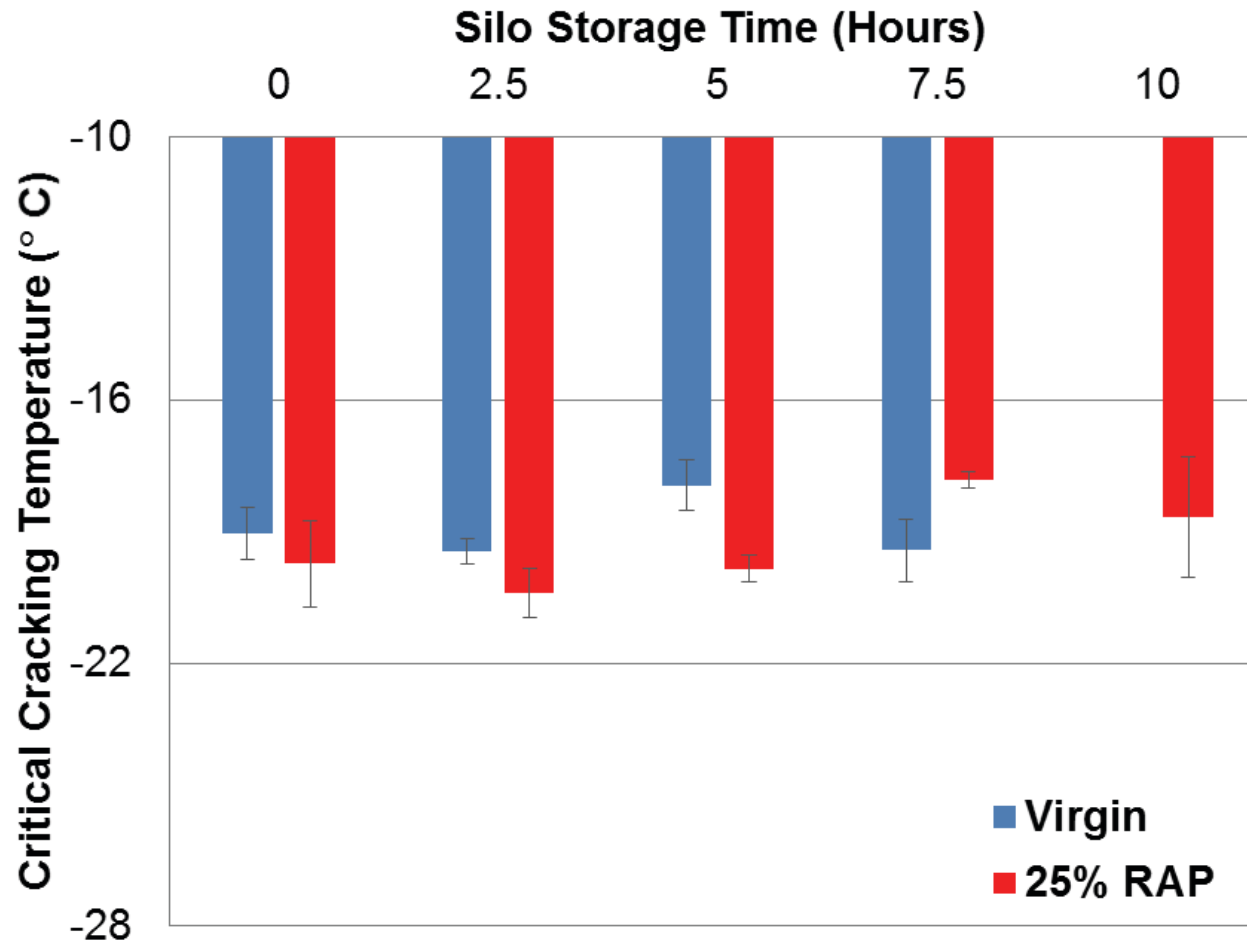
Source: www.huffingtonpost.com

Chris Jacques
cds43@wildcats.unh.edu

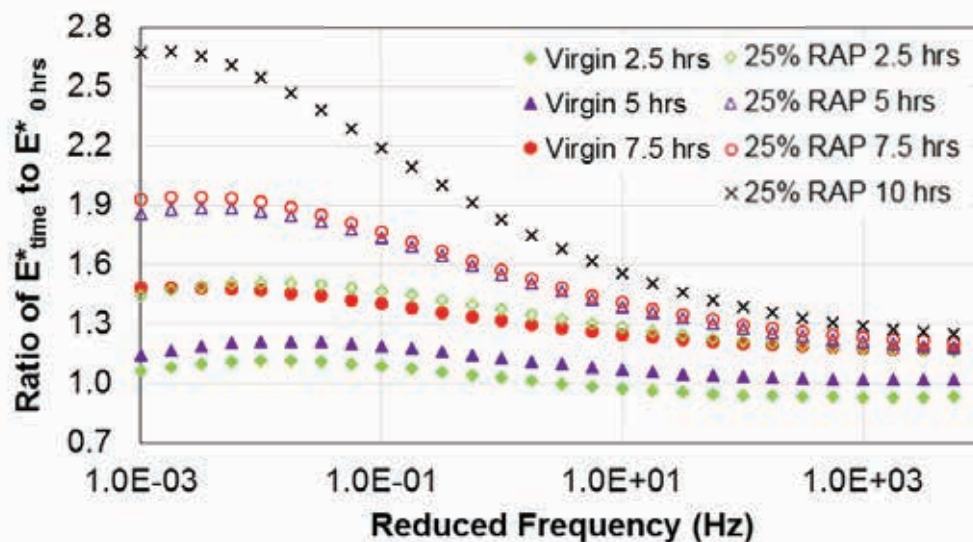


TSRST

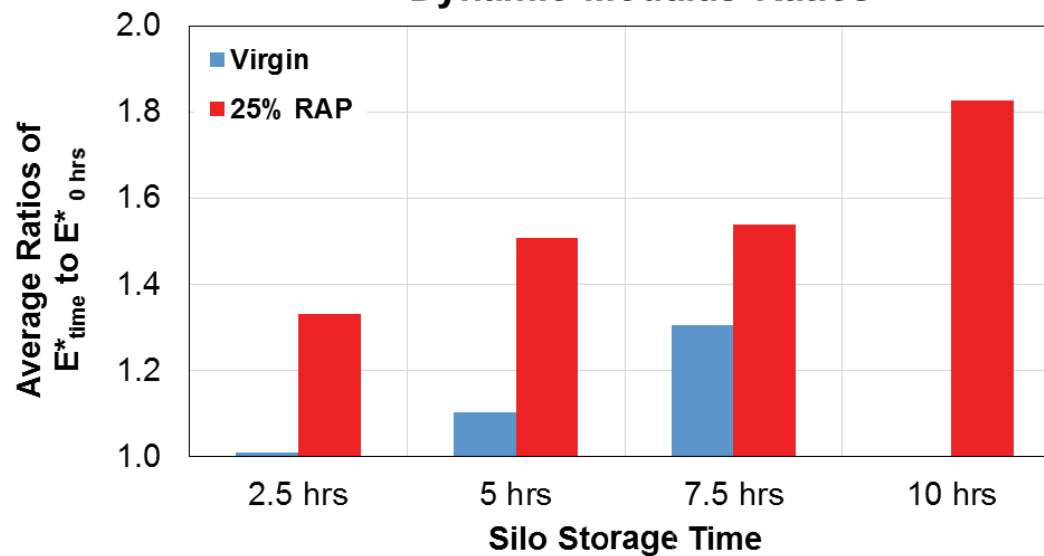
TSRST Critical Cracking Temperature



E Ratios*



Dynamic Modulus Ratios



Virgin T-Test Results

Dynamic Modulus																			
Comparison Group: 0 hrs (A)																			
T-Test #	Comparison Group 2	4.4° C (±)						21.1° C (±)						37.8° C (±)					
		25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz
AvB	2.5 hrs	0.850	0.474	0.272	0.190	0.166	0.405	0.145	0.159	0.155	0.168	0.148	0.168	0.106	0.098	0.116	0.147	0.152	0.225
AvC	5 hrs	0.213	0.265	0.336	0.390	0.413	0.422	0.046	0.049	0.052	0.069	0.064	0.083	0.056	0.044	0.041	0.050	0.044	0.091
AvD	7.5 hrs	0.044	0.063	0.091	0.103	0.098	0.092	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002
Comparison Group: 7.5 hrs (D)																			
T-Test #	Comparison Group 2	4.4° C (±)						21.1° C (±)						37.8° C (±)					
		25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz
DvA	0 hrs	0.044	0.063	0.091	0.103	0.098	0.092	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002
DvB	2.5 hrs	0.034	0.074	0.119	0.156	0.158	0.120	0.021	0.016	0.014	0.010	0.009	0.007	0.031	0.020	0.015	0.012	0.038	0.024
DvC	5 hrs	0.456	0.525	0.537	0.502	0.512	0.494	0.184	0.135	0.116	0.104	0.084	0.073	0.043	0.023	0.013	0.010	0.007	0.010

Phase Angle																			
Comparison Group: 0 hrs (A)																			
T-Test #	Comparison Group 2	4.4° C (±)						21.1° C (±)						37.8° C (±)					
		25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz
AvB	2.5 hrs	0.227	0.784	0.649	0.590	0.596	0.751	0.004	0.714	0.745	0.968	0.501	0.296	0.256	0.696	0.602	0.420	0.394	0.360
AvC	5 hrs	0.545	0.657	0.772	0.600	0.540	0.461	0.004	0.111	0.181	0.174	0.295	0.665	0.725	0.824	0.374	0.135	0.012	0.035
AvD	7.5 hrs	0.810	0.248	0.213	0.213	0.162	0.099	0.001	0.182	0.239	0.254	0.261	0.662	0.656	0.034	0.116	0.622	0.033	0.010
Comparison Group: 7.5 hrs (D)																			
T-Test #	Comparison Group 2	4.4° C (±)						21.1° C (±)						37.8° C (±)					
		25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz
DvA	0 hrs	0.810	0.248	0.213	0.213	0.162	0.099	0.001	0.182	0.239	0.254	0.261	0.662	0.656	0.034	0.116	0.622	0.033	0.010
DvB	2.5 hrs	0.013	0.019	0.016	0.006	0.010	0.014	0.163	0.248	0.304	0.282	0.203	0.369	0.050	0.003	0.019	0.808	0.372	0.074
DvC	5 hrs	0.306	0.355	0.260	0.381	0.348	0.268	0.423	0.586	0.551	0.634	0.512	0.830	0.435	0.064	0.021	0.268	0.289	0.477



25% RAP T-Test Results

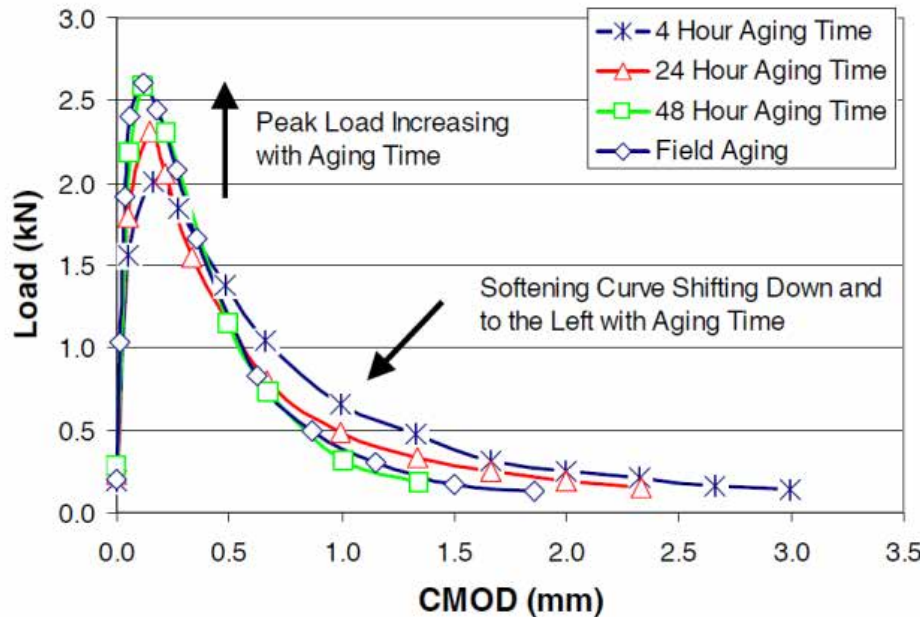
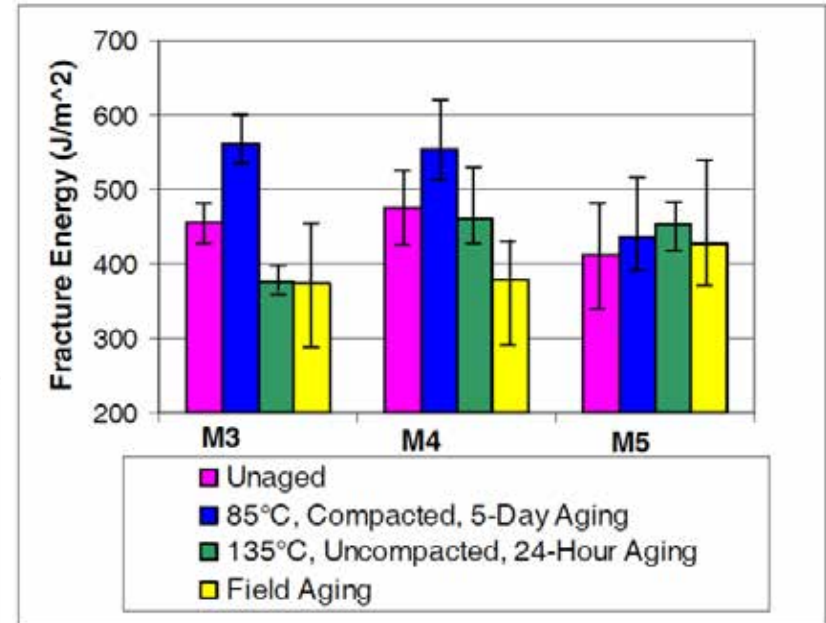
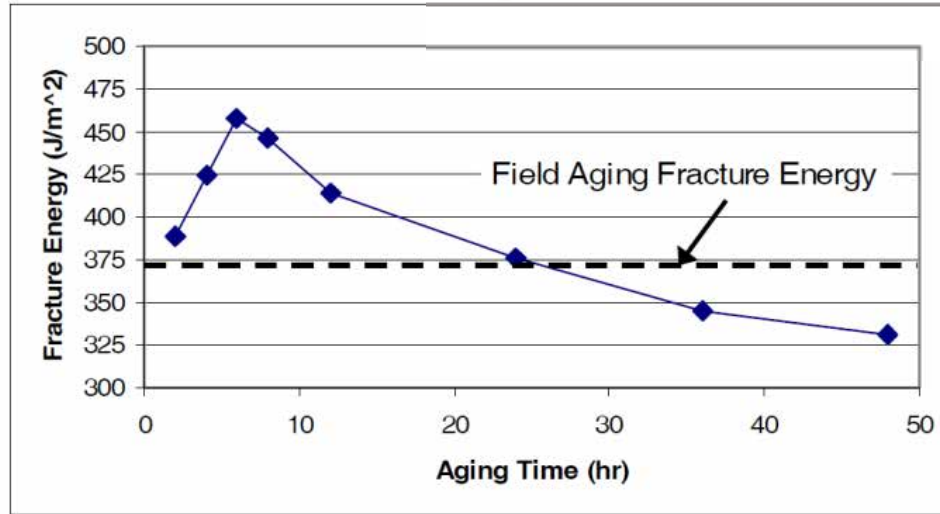
Dynamic Modulus																			
Comparison Group: 0 hrs (A)																			
T-Test #	Comparison Group 2	4.4° C						21.1° C						37.8° C					
		25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz
AvB	2.5 hrs	0.154	0.130	0.131	0.153	0.173	0.152	0.149	0.164	0.173	0.170	0.164	0.097	0.143	0.134	0.079	0.080	0.084	0.101
AvC	5 hrs	0.093	0.070	0.063	0.061	0.124	0.098	0.093	0.096	0.093	0.038	0.037	0.035	0.061	0.059	0.058	0.058	0.060	0.066
AvD	7.5 hrs	0.052	0.044	0.041	0.044	0.104	0.087	0.079	0.086	0.087	0.078	0.074	0.024	0.076	0.070	0.064	0.018	0.017	0.015
AvE	10 hrs	0.038	0.025	0.057	0.057	0.063	0.052	0.043	0.046	0.047	0.039	0.008	0.007	0.066	0.055	0.046	0.010	0.008	0.008
Comparison Group: 10 hrs (E)																			
T-Test #	Comparison Group 2	4.4° C						21.1° C						37.8° C					
		25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz
EvA	0 hrs	0.038	0.025	0.057	0.057	0.063	0.052	0.043	0.046	0.047	0.039	0.008	0.007	0.066	0.055	0.046	0.010	0.008	0.008
EvB	2.5 hrs	0.181	0.060	0.020	0.013	0.010	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009
EvC	5 hrs	0.542	0.298	0.104	0.014	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.007	0.013	0.028	0.057	0.071	0.070	0.071	0.071	0.071
EvD	7.5 hrs	0.849	0.383	0.141	0.040	0.016	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.010	0.083	0.115	0.108	0.093	0.092	0.092

Phase Angle																			
Comparison Group: 0 hrs (A)																			
T-Test #	Comparison Group 2	4.4° C						21.1° C						37.8° C					
		25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz
AvB	2.5 hrs	0.051	0.595	0.456	0.118	0.602	0.145	0.179	0.199	0.191	0.131	0.139	0.202	0.180	0.152	0.145	0.105	0.189	0.857
AvC	5 hrs	0.008	0.389	0.296	0.044	0.378	0.060	0.051	0.057	0.049	0.056	0.047	0.046	0.254	0.205	0.155	0.077	0.277	0.895
AvD	7.5 hrs	0.008	0.346	0.228	0.052	0.268	0.074	0.010	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.000	0.015	0.011	0.006	0.039	0.155	0.974
AvE	10 hrs	0.003	0.160	0.084	0.005	0.079	0.011	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.004	0.002	0.037	0.175	0.535
Comparison Group: 10 hrs (E)																			
T-Test #	Comparison Group 2	4.4° C						21.1° C						37.8° C					
		25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 Hz	10 Hz	5 Hz	1 Hz	0.5 Hz	0.1 Hz
EvA	0 hrs	0.003	0.160	0.084	0.005	0.079	0.011	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.004	0.002	0.037	0.175	0.535
EvB	2.5 hrs	0.104	0.070	0.046	0.050	0.046	0.040	0.050	0.063	0.071	0.083	0.092	0.131	0.289	0.310	0.250	0.486	0.614	0.378
EvC	5 hrs	0.033	0.043	0.028	0.043	0.057	0.088	0.048	0.070	0.078	0.084	0.098	0.144	0.129	0.118	0.103	0.175	0.457	0.433
EvD	7.5 hrs	0.134	0.028	0.015	0.015	0.018	0.025	0.021	0.024	0.026	0.040	0.053	0.104	0.128	0.169	0.158	0.950	0.959	0.496



Effects of Aging on Fracture

(Braham et al., 2009)



Literature Review

- Interaction between RAP and virgin mixtures
- “Blending and Diffusion of Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement and Virgin Asphalt Binders,” Kriz et al., AAPT 2014
- Two major processes: mixing or contact between the binders and blending/diffusion after contact
- DSR testing to test degree of blending in thick, thin binder layers

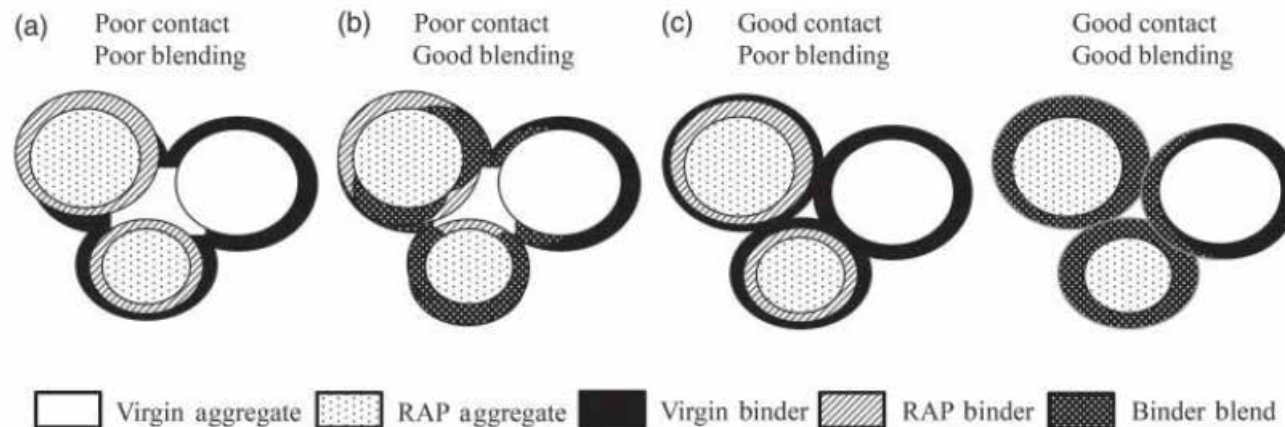
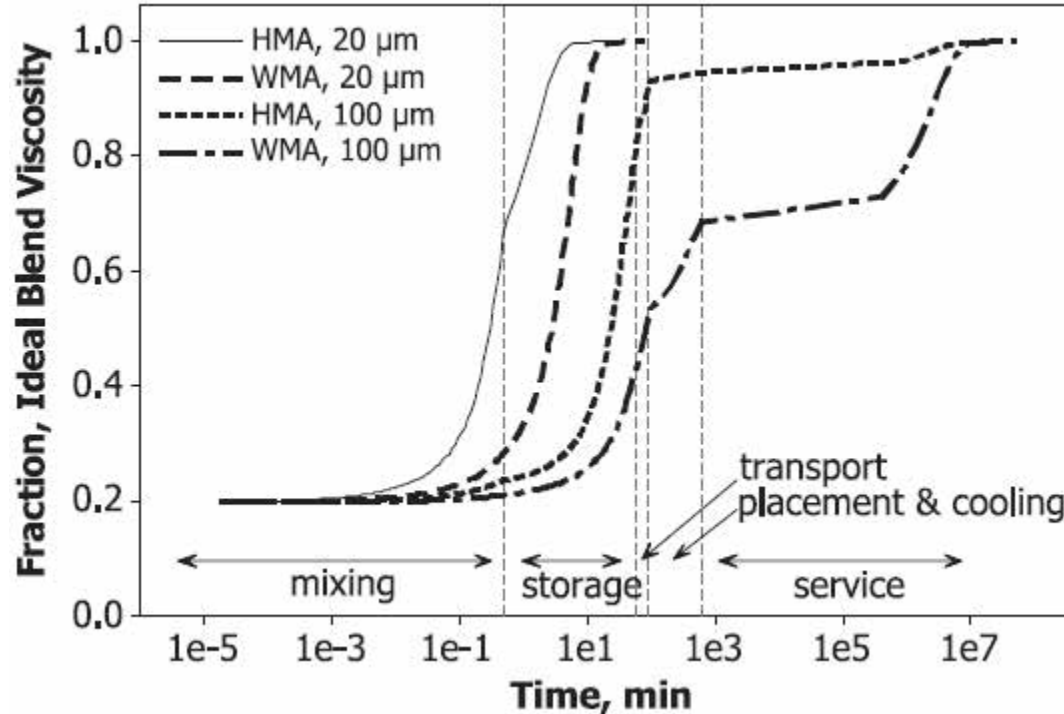


Figure 1. RAP–virgin binder contact and blending due to diffusion. Schematic representation of possible options.

Source: Kriz et al., AAPT 2014, p. 227

Literature Review

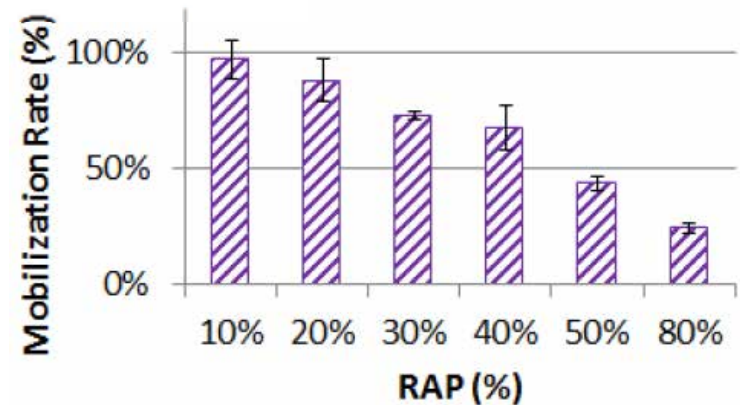
- Thinner layers: 100% blending within minutes of mixing
- Thicker layers: ~90% blending after typical production stages
- Diffusion, blending could potentially continue to occur



Source: Kriz et al., AAPT 2014, p. 254

Literature Review

- Zhao et al. (2015) investigated mobilization rate of virgin and RAP binders
- Under-asphalted mixtures → more prone to cracking



(a) Mobilization rates for RAP mixes

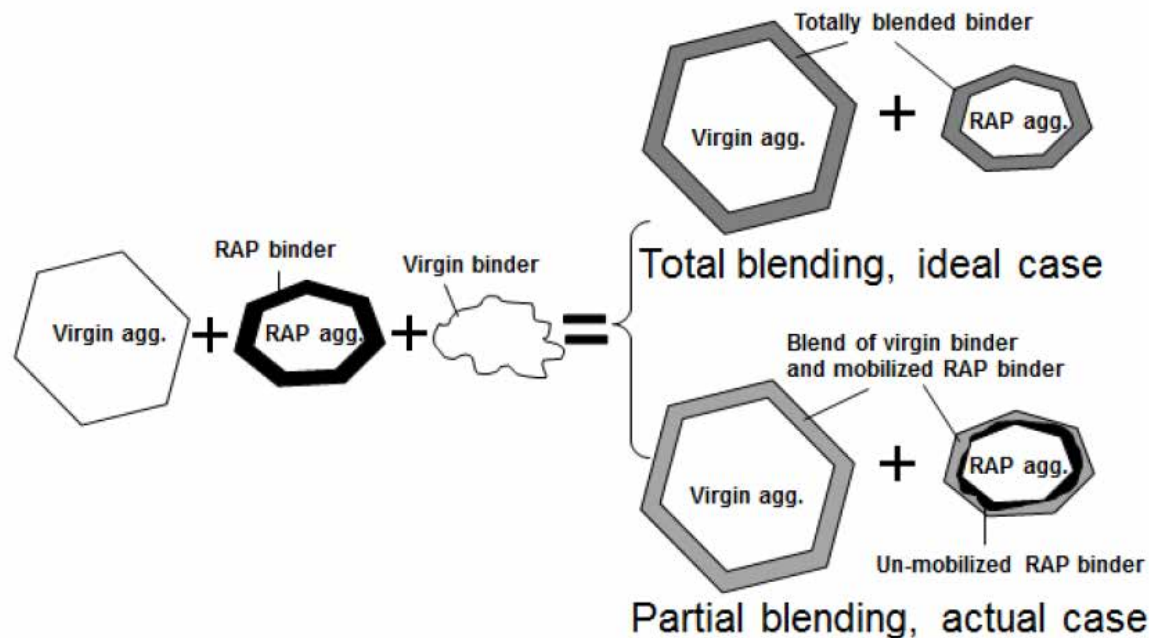


Figure 1. Two possible blending scenarios